

**CD14 Antibody**  
**Rabbit mAb**  
**Catalog # AP90725****Specification****CD14 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, ICC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P08571</a>
Clonality	Monoclonal
Other Names	
CD14; Monocyte differentiation antigen CD14; Myeloid cell specific leucine rich glycoprotein;	
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	40076 Da

**CD14 Antibody - Additional Information**

Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC~~1:100~500 ICC~~N/A
Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human CD14
Description	CD14 antigen is a GPI-linked glycoprotein with a molecular weight of 55kD. The CD14 antigen is expressed on cells of the myelomonocytic lineage including monocytes, macrophages and Langerhans cells. Low expression is observed on neutrophils and on human B cells. CD14 antigen is a receptor for bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS, endotoxin) and the lipopolysaccharide binding protein (LBP). LBP and CD14 antigen serves two physiological roles.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

**CD14 Antibody - Protein Information****Name** CD14**Function**

Coreceptor for bacterial lipopolysaccharide (PubMed:&lt;a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1698311" target="\_blank"&gt;1698311&lt;/a&gt;, PubMed:&lt;a

<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23264655> target="\_blank">23264655</a>). In concert with LBP, binds to monomeric lipopolysaccharide and delivers it to the LY96/TLR4 complex, thereby mediating the innate immune response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20133493">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20133493 target="\_blank">20133493</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22265692">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22265692 target="\_blank">22265692</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23264655">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23264655 target="\_blank">23264655</a>). Acts via MyD88, TIRAP and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the inflammatory response (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8612135">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8612135 target="\_blank">8612135</a>). Acts as a coreceptor for TLR2:TLR6 heterodimer in response to diacylated lipopeptides and for TLR2:TLR1 heterodimer in response to triacylated lipopeptides, these clusters trigger signaling from the cell surface and subsequently are targeted to the Golgi in a lipid-raft dependent pathway (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16880211">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16880211 target="\_blank">16880211</a>). Binds electronegative LDL (LDL(-)) and mediates the cytokine release induced by LDL(-) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23880187">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23880187 target="\_blank">23880187</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor. Secreted. Membrane raft. Golgi apparatus.  
Note=Secreted forms may arise by cleavage of the GPI anchor.

#### **Tissue Location**

Detected on macrophages (at protein level) (PubMed:1698311). Expressed strongly on the surface of monocytes and weakly on the surface of granulocytes; also expressed by most tissue macrophages.

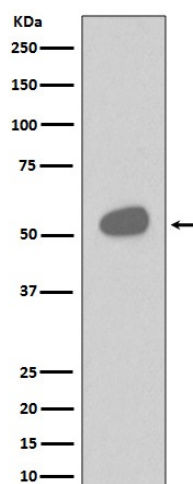
### **CD14 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### **CD14 Antibody - Images**





Western blot analysis of CD14 expression in Human tonsil cell lysate.